
GRID INTEGRATION OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Martin Braun

Fraunhofer IEE & University of Kassel

2nd INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON


Large-Scale Grid Integration of
Renewable Energy in India

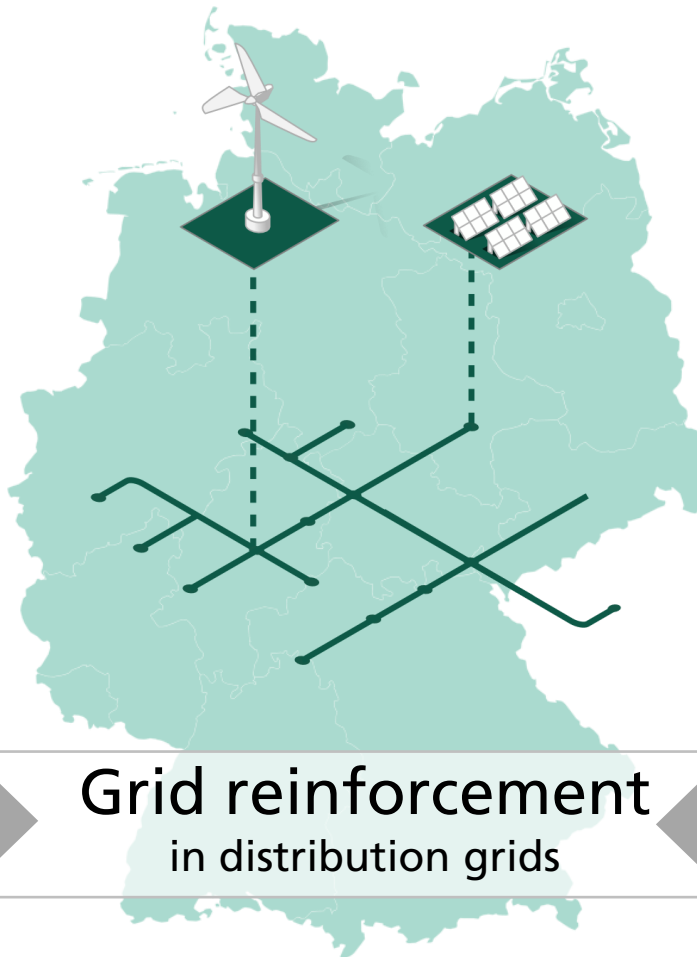



4 - 6 Sept 2019
New Delhi/India





Renewable Energy Sources: Experiences in Germany

	<p>~40% share some regions >100 %</p>
2050:	80-100%



	<p>>100 GWp RES with 40-80 GW load between 0 % and 100 % of demand at diff. hours</p>
2050:	400 GWp

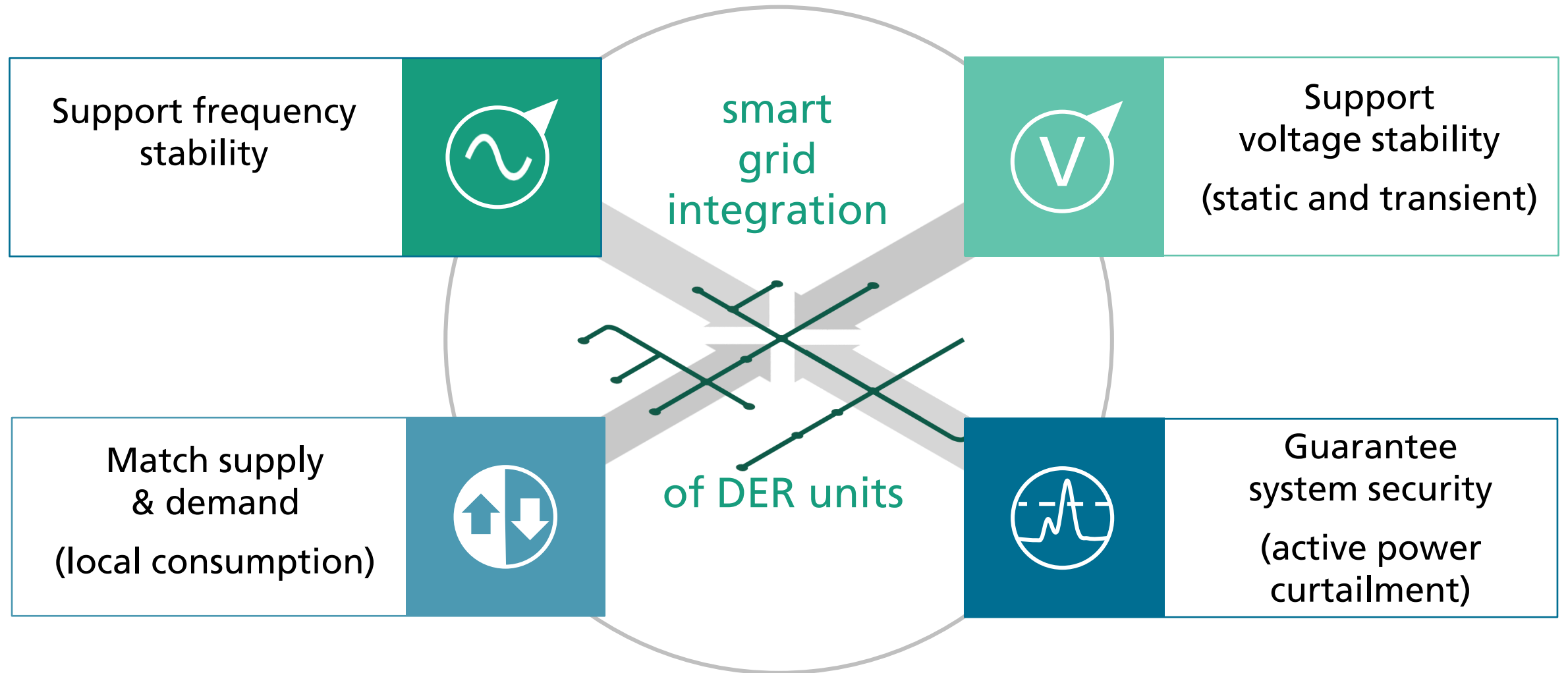
	<p>~ 60 GW vRES distributed in low and medium voltage grids</p>
--	---

	<p>Generation > consumption Reverse power flow is normal in many grids</p>
--	---

Outline

- **Smart Grid Integration of DER**
- **Phase Model of vRE Integration**

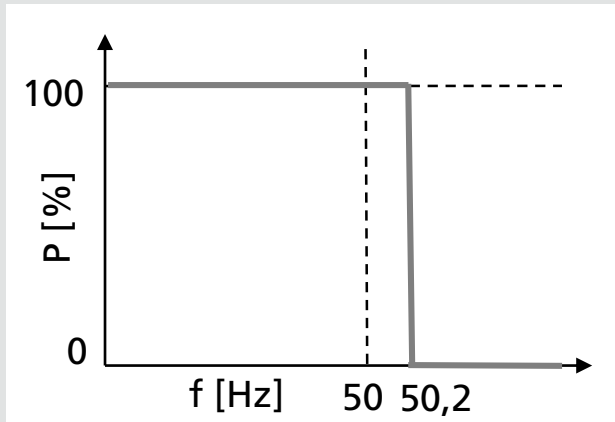
Smart Grid Integration of Distributed Energy Resources



Example: Frequency stability

PAST

Underestimated PV systems impact on frequency

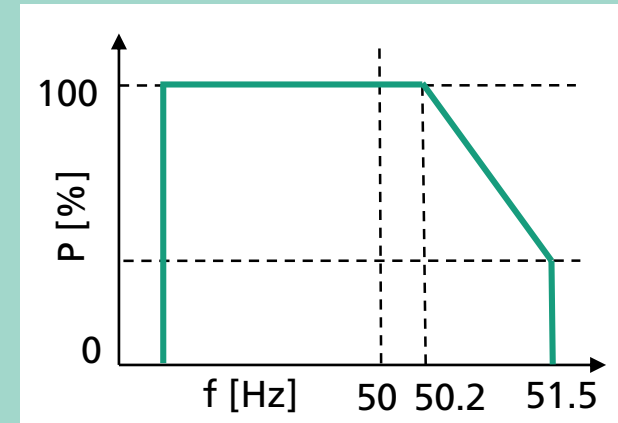


Disconnection at limit frequency:
Potential catalyst for system collapse



ACTIONS

Changes in grid code:
VDE-AR-N 4105 (2011)



Introduced droop: 50.2 → 51.5 Hz
(gradual power reduction)

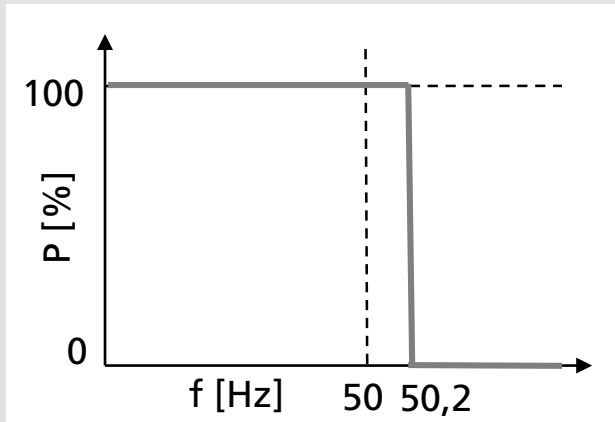
**Retrofit of existing systems was necessary
& costly**

Source: VDE (2011)

Example: Frequency stability

PAST

Underestimated PV systems impact on frequency

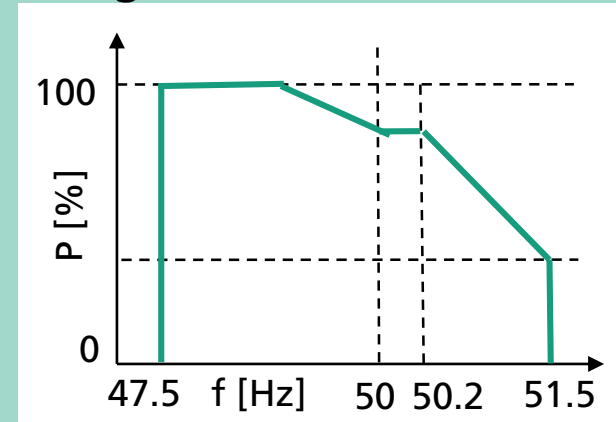


Disconnection at limit frequency:
Potential catalyst for system collapse



ACTIONS

Latest Updates of grid codes for DG on all voltage levels, for controllable loads & for storage/EV-feed-in



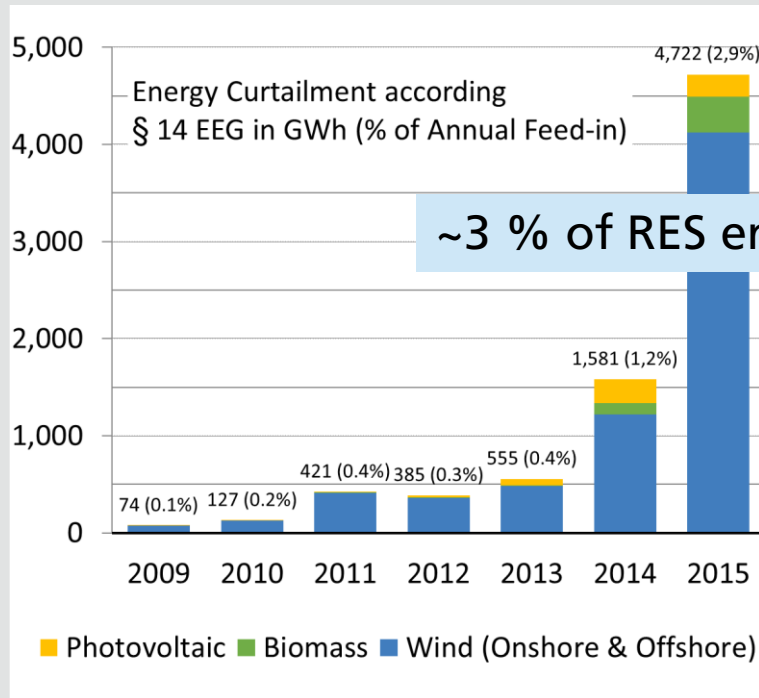
Capabilities for under- and over-frequency sensitive model
(depending on type and size of unit & power flow direction)

Source: VDE (2011)

Example: RES curtailment for congestion management



RES curtailment is increasing



RES curtailment also in network planning:

up to 3%


curtailment of annual RES feed-in allowed in order to avoid costs for grid reinforcement (EnWG 2017 § 11)

82 % performed at DSO-level on TSO request:
Good TSO/DSO coordination needed!

After: German Federal Network Agency, EEG in Zahlen 2015


Summary: Experiences in Germany

PRESENT

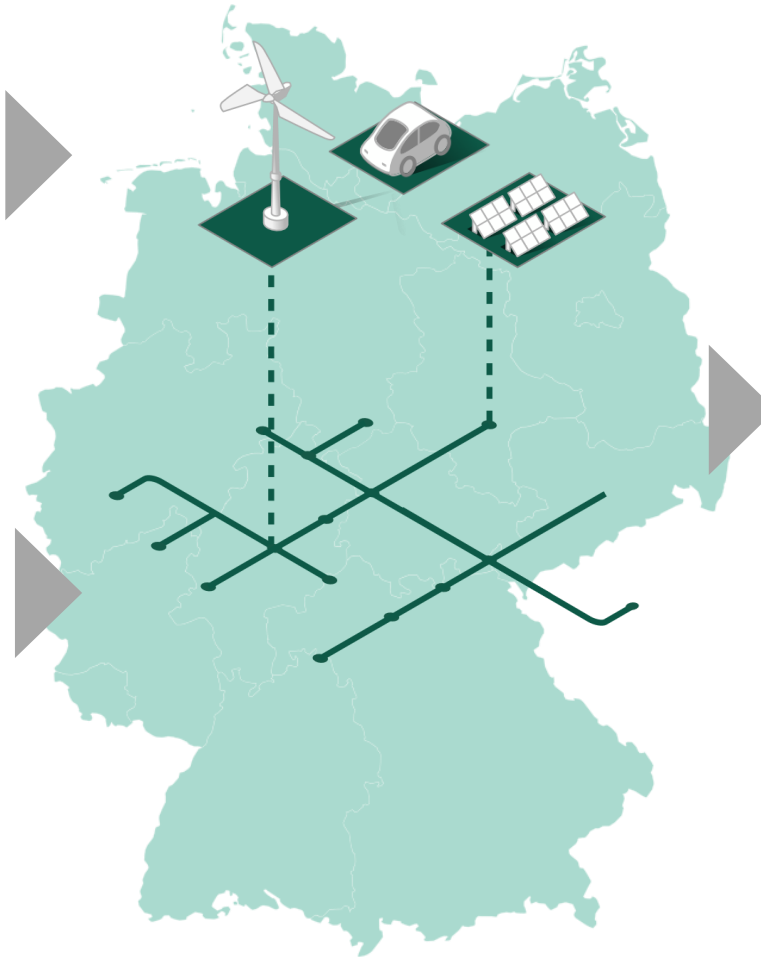


High DER penetration
▶ further growth expected
▶ electromobility


GRID IMPACT




Increased and reversed power flows
Transmission and distribution grid need to be reinforced and extended:
Time and costs




SMART INTEGRATION




Harmonize integration for frequency stability



Support voltage control for voltage stability and reduction of grid reinforcement



Standardized control and communication interfaces

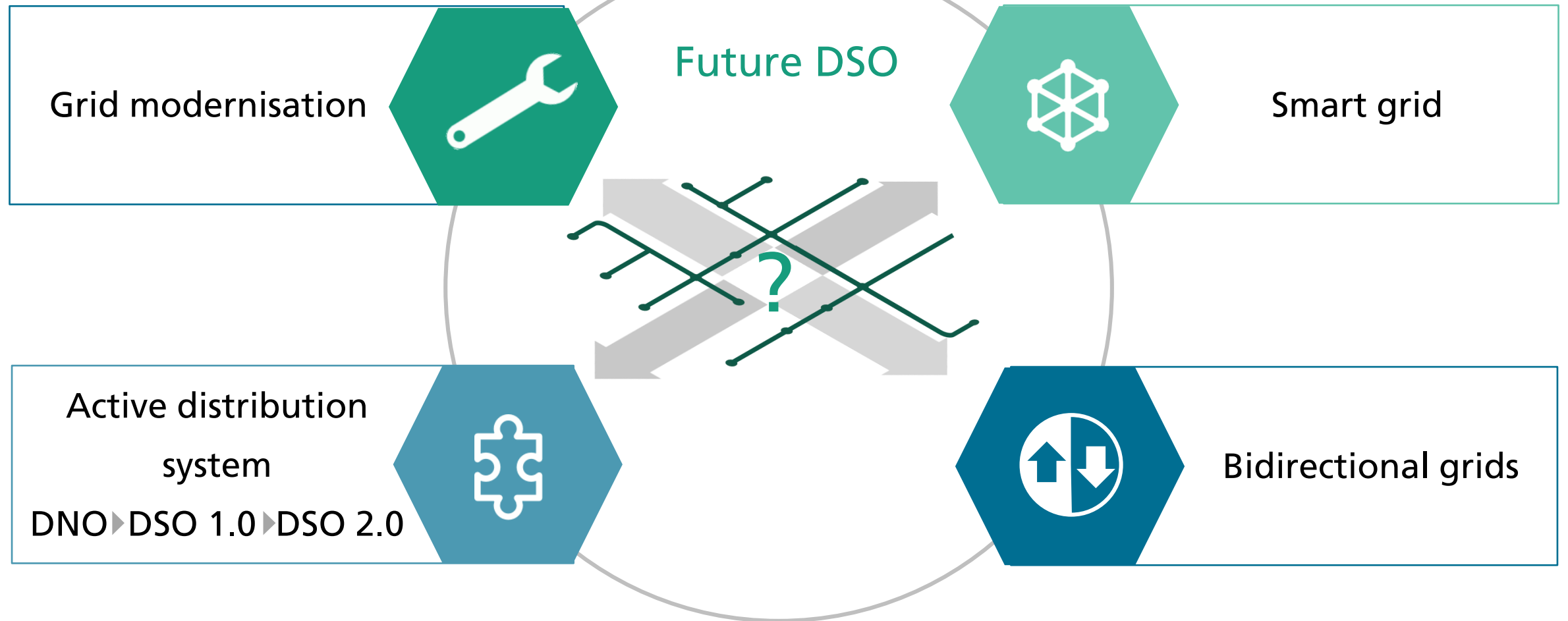


Increase local consumption & reduce peaks

Outline

- Smart Grid Integration of DER
- **Phase Model of vRE Integration**

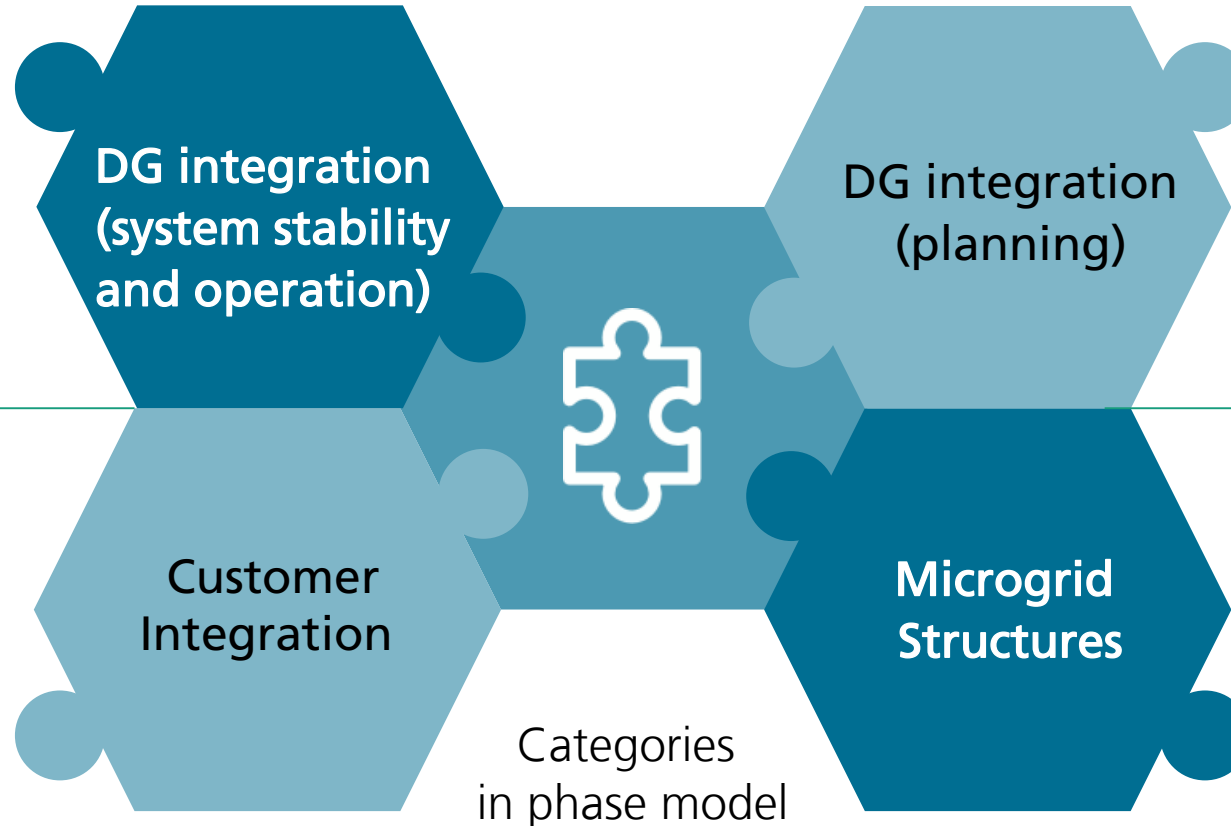
Smart grid integration of distributed energy resources: buzzwords



Phase Model: from network operator to system operator

Four categories

- Grid Codes (control)
- Ancillary services (operation)



- Hosting capacity
- Grid reinforcement

Including customer storage/EV integration

Mega Trends



Decarbonization



RES



Decentralization



RES in distribution

01010
10010
10001

Digitalization



Data, information, communication,
automation



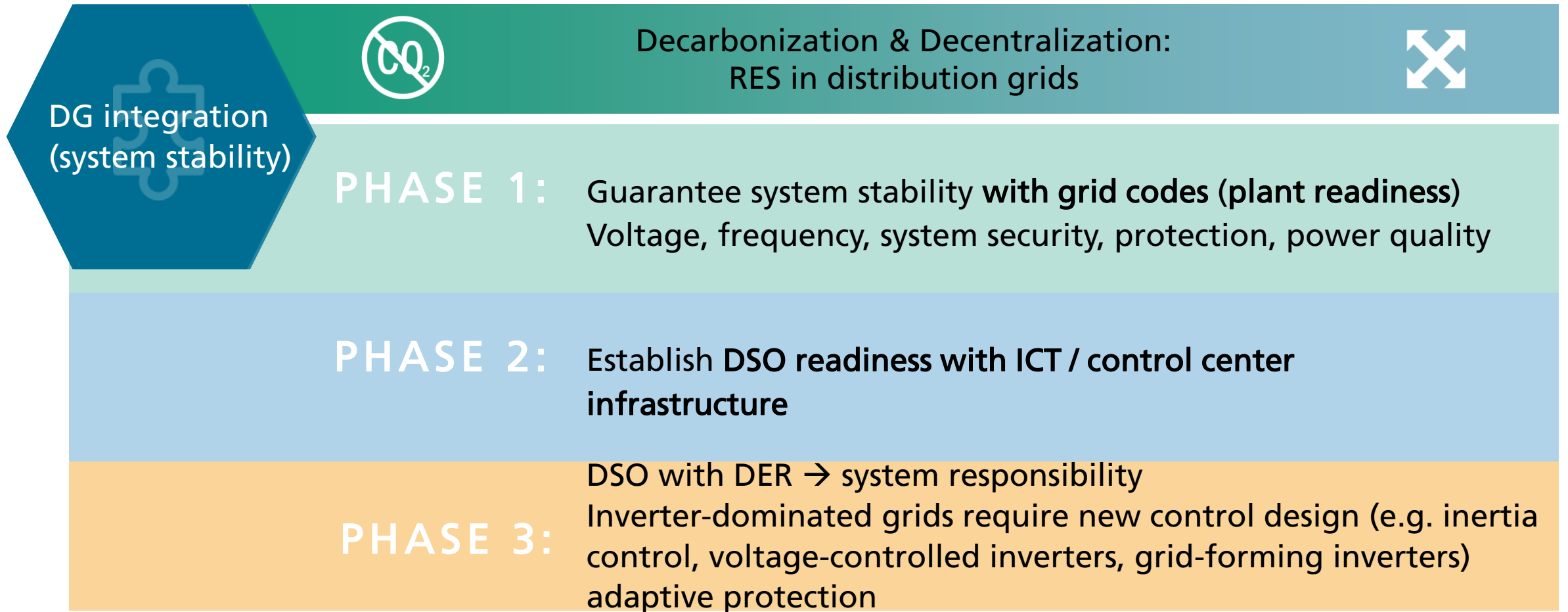
Autarky



Cellular microgrid approach

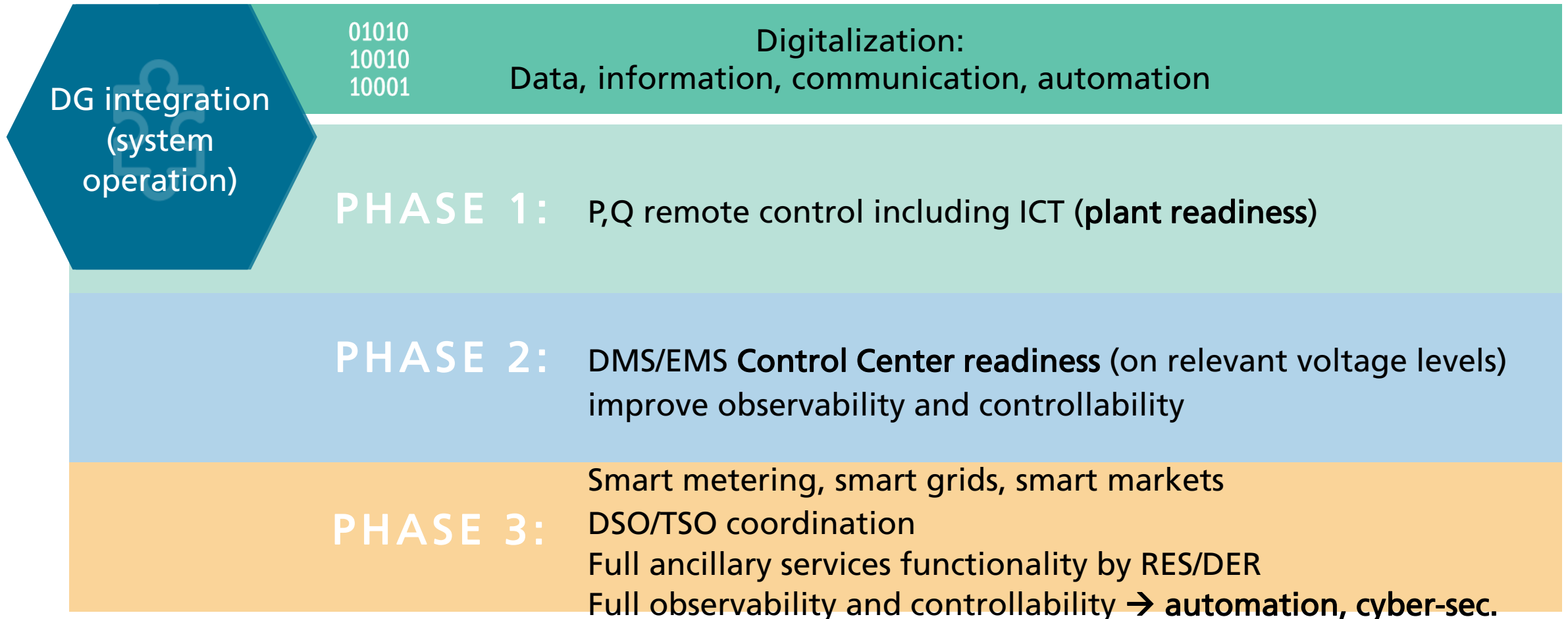
Phase Model: DG integration (system stability)

from network operator to system operator



Phase Model: DG integration (system operation)

from network operator to system operator



Phase Model: DG integration (planning) 1/2

from network operator to system operator

DG integration
(planning)



Decarbonization & Decentralization:
RES in distribution grids



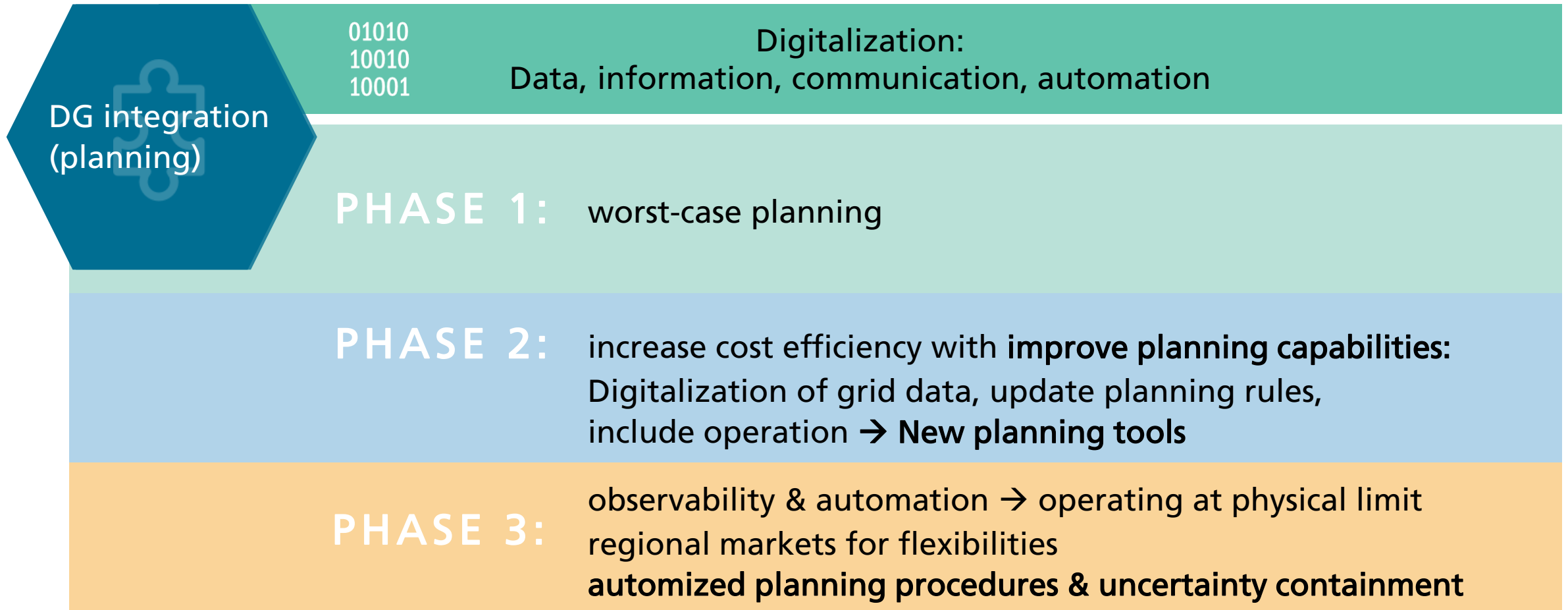
PHASE 1: increase hosting capacity with voltage control
grid reinforcement if necessary!

PHASE 2: **increase cost-efficiency**
new components (e.g. OLTC transformers)
P-curtailment
massive grid reinforcement in certain areas

PHASE 3: **further increase cost-efficiency**
integrate P/Q flexibilities

Phase Model: DG integration (planning) 2/2

from network operator to system operator



Phase Model: Customer Integration (Storage / EV) 1/2

from network operator to system operator

Customer
Integration
(Storage / EV)

01010
10010
10001

Digitalization:
Data, information, communication, automation

Drivers for Smart Homes:

- Digitalisation trend
- technological-oriented customers
- Etc.

Drivers for Smart Meters:

- Reduce non-technical losses (upgrade meter infrastructure)
- Observability of changed customer behavior!
- Controllability of customers (payment culture, voltage checkups etc.)
- Future business models
- etc.

Phase Model: Customer Integration (Storage / EV) 2/2

from network operator to system operator

Customer
Integration
(Storage / EV)



Decarbonization & Decentralization:
RES in distribution grids



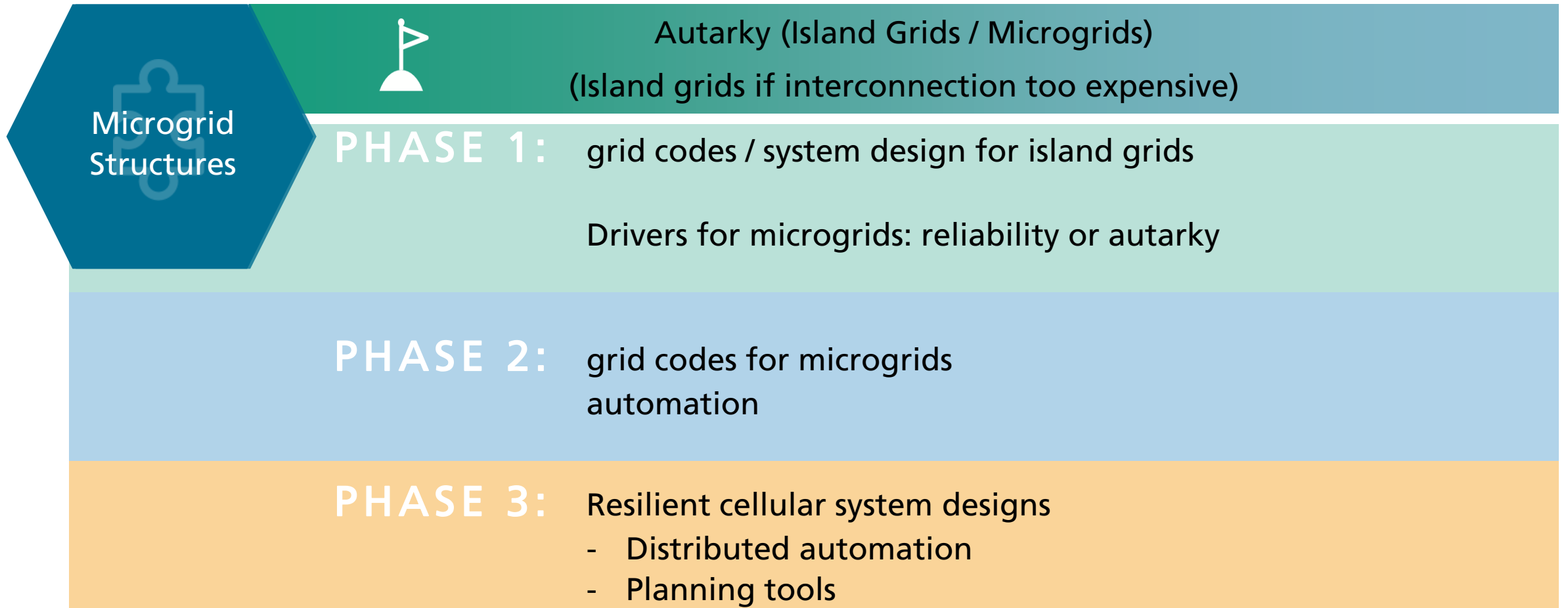
PHASE 1: Drivers for storage/EV: **customers have it**
energy efficiency in transport and heating/cooling (EV, HP, CHP)
net metering (business model for controllable loads and storage)
incentives schemes

PHASE 2: grid codes for storage / EV

PHASE 3: active storage integration
energy management / response schemes
increase system flexibility → to guarantee energy balance

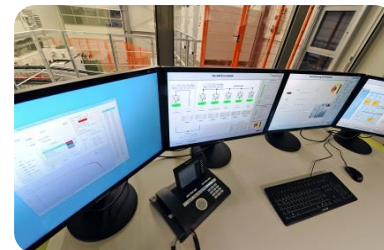
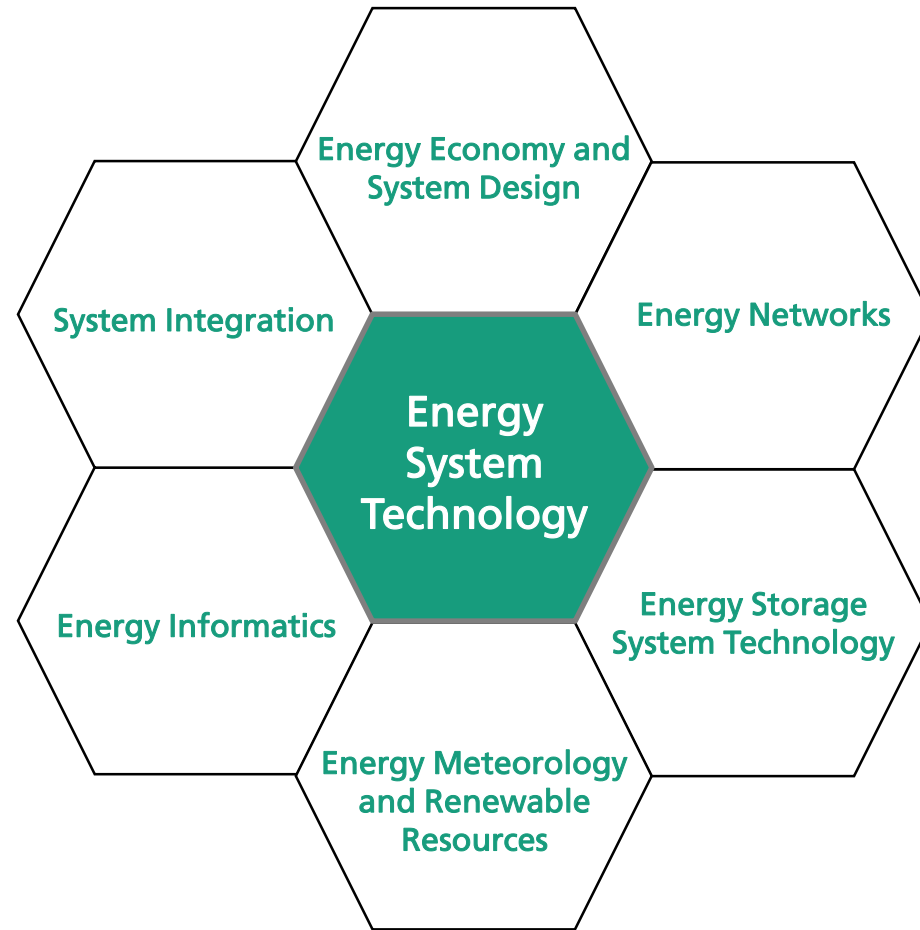
Phase Model: Microgrid Structures

from network operator to system operator



Conclusions on Phases of DER Grid Integration

- Phase 1 (vRE integration started):
grid reinforcement / extension where needed
plant control readiness → **grid codes!**
- Phase 2 (significant vRE penetration in certain distribution grids):
DSO readiness: **planning & operation with large-scale vRE**
- Phase 3 (significant vRE penetration throughout distribution grids and on national scale in transmission):
DSO with significantly increased system responsibility:
all ancillary services also by vRE, storage, electrical vehicles, controllable loads
new control design (low-inertia inverter-dominated grids)
DSO/TSO+ coordination
automation & cyber security
- Increased reliability and resilience in **microgrid structures** possible (Phase 3)
dependent on design, cyber-security, cost-efficiency, requirements for improved reliability or resilience, ...



Contact

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Martin Braun

Head of

Grid Planning and Operation

martin.braun@iee.fraunhofer.de

Phone: +49 561 7294 118

www.iee.fraunhofer.de/grids



Fraunhofer IEE– Business Field Grid Planning and Operation

- Techno-economic studies for analyzing, planning, operation, control, stability of power systems
- Automated planning tools
www.pandapower.pro
- Operational tools (algorithms for ancillary services, hardware/software test platform)
www.iee.fraunhofer.de/beeDIP
- (Co-simulation) test platforms for operational solutions
www.opsim.net/en
- Multi-energy system planning and operation (power, heat, gas)
- Microgrid/ hybrid system test bench and PHIL tests

Contact

Prof. Dr. Martin Braun
Chair of Energy Management and
Power System Operation

- Mail: martin.braun@uni-kassel.de
- Phone: +49 561 804 6202
- <http://www.uni-kassel.de/eecs/e2n>

Department e²n

Energy Management and Power System Operation

- Development of models, methods, algorithms and tools for analysis, operation and control, and design of the future decentralized power system with high share of renewable energies. e.g. www.pandapower.org
- Multi-Objective/Perspective/Level Optimisation of the power system
- Simulation of the power system over time scales and system levels.
- Resilient Control Design incl. power system stability, network restoration, microgrid structures